

Table	Page
12. Mean (\pm standard deviation) and range of lengths (mm) and widths (mm) of selected zooplankton taxonomic groups from the lower Roanoke River, delta, and western Albemarle Sound, 1984-1988	55
13. Length (L, mm)-width (W, mm) relationships of zooplankton prey collected from the lower Roanoke River, delta, and western Albemarle Sound, in 1991	57
14. Mean (\pm standard deviation) and range of wet weight biomass (g), and dry weight biomass (μ g) of selected zooplankton taxonomic groups from the lower Roanoke River, delta, and western Albemarle Sound, 1984-1988	58
15. Length (L, mm)-biomass (B, g) relationships of zooplankton prey collected from the lower Roanoke River, delta, and western Albemarle Sound, in 1991	60
16. Relative contribution (% using biomass) of each taxonomic group to the spring zooplankton community of the lower Roanoke River (Stations 1-12), North Carolina, 1984-1988	61
17. Relative contribution (% using biomass) of each taxonomic group to the spring zooplankton community of Batchelor Bay (Stations 13-16), North Carolina, 1984-1988.....	63
18. Relative contribution (% using biomass) of each taxonomic group to the spring zooplankton community of Western Albemarle Sound (Stations 17-32), North Carolina, 1984-1988	65
19. Fish species collected in the lower Roanoke River - western Albemarle Sound study area as larvae or young-of-year, 1984-1991, and the number counted, examined, and containing prey in stomachs, for the data subset used in this study	67
20. Number of individuals examined for food habit analysis for upstream Roanoke River stations (1,4), downstream Roanoke stations (7,10), and the Cashie River (8)	69
21. Number of individuals examined for food habit analysis for Batchelor Bay (13-15), and western Albemarle Sound (21,22).....	70
22. Percentage of individuals with prey in stomachs from upriver stations (1,4), downriver stations (7,10), and Cashie River (8)	71